

KHALID PUBLIC SCHOOL & COLLEGE **HAROONABAD**

Syllabus + Key Book

Class: 6th

July Term 1st Part



محترم والدین!

1st Part کا سلیبس اور KeyBook دی جا رہی ہے۔

ماہ جولائی کے پیپرز کی تیاری دی گئی Videos اور دیئے گئے سلیبس کے مطابق کروائی جائے۔

2nd Part کی Keybook اور سلیبس 25 June کو مہیا کیے جائیں گے۔

ماہ جولائی کے پیپرز 15 July سے شروع کیے جائیں گے۔

Syllabus

English	Chapter# 6, 7, 8
Maths	Unit# 3: (Exe: 3.2) to Unit# 4, 5
Science	Unit# 3(Hearing Pg; 30) to Unit: 4, 5
SSt	Page: 31 – 75. Chapter# 4 – 8
Urdu	Chapter: 9 to 12
Islamiyat	باب چہارم: سبق نمبر 3 نماز جنازہ اور اس کی اہمیت تا باب پنجم: سبق نمبر 3 امانت تک
Nazra	حفظ القرآن: سورۃ الم نشرح مع ترجمہ نماز مع ترجمہ مکمل، 6 کلمے مع ترجمہ دعائیں مع ترجمہ: دعائے جنازہ، مسجد میں داخل ہونے اور باہر نکلنے کی دعا، آئینہ دیکھنے کی دعا، نیا لباس پہننے کی دعا ، پارہ نمبر 1، 2
Computer	Unit# 4, 5

Key Book English

Unit#7:

- Comprehension Focus
- (i) Answer the following questions:

- 1) We should be glad that our nose is in the right place on our face because if it were somewhere else how should we breathe and smell. And how our face looked like without nose on it.
- 2) If my nose was sandwiched between my toes it would be pressed in my shoes and I would smell my feet also.
- 3) If my nose is displaced from my face to some other place, I might suffer breathing problem and disliked it also.
- 4) This poem giving us the message that we should be grateful for whatever we have without complaining about it.
- 5) Write the blessing of Allah (SWT) which you experience in everyday life.

c) Phonics Focus

- (ii) Divide the given words into the syllabus with the help of a dictionary and also write their number of syllables.

Words	Syllable Division	Number
brain	brain	1
sandwiched	sand-wiched	2
despair	des-pair	2
computer	com-pu-ter	3
absolute	ab-so-lute	3

Use of Dictionary

- (iii) Use a dictionary to find the meanings of the words given below.

Words	Meaning
dislike	disapprove
absolute	perfect
forever	always
sandwiched	to be pressed between two
rattle	make a sharp noise scolding

e) Grammar Focus

Fill in the blanks with the correct modal verbs.

- 1) ought to
- 2) shall
- 3) might
- 4) must
- 5) might

Absolute Adjectives

- (i) Use the given absolute adjectives in sentences.

- 1) horrible: I saw a horrible sight in my dream.
- 2) empty: An empty vessel thunders much.
- 3) dead: The bear took him dead and went away.
- 4) perfect: It is quite perfect.
- 5) inferior: Don't think others inferior than you.

Adverbs of place and Frequency

(vi) Read the given sentences and circle the adverbs. Also write their types in the given blanks.

1) <u>out</u>	<u>place</u>
2) <u>sometimes</u>	<u>frequency</u>
3) <u>down</u>	<u>place</u>
4) <u>occasionally</u>	<u>frequency</u>
5) <u>never</u>	<u>frequency</u>
6) corner	<u>place</u>

(vii) Use the given adverbs in sentences.

- 1) Outside: Do not go outside.
- 2) Somewhere: I have placed my bag somewhere.
- 3) Often: I often go for picnic.
- 4) Usually: We usually eat simple food.
- 5) Rarely: I rarely spend my time in idle talks.
- 6) Upwards: He was moving upwards.

f) Writing Focus

(ii) Write the summary of the poem 'Be Glad your Nose is on Your Face'.

Summary:

The poem "Be Glad your Nose is on Your Face" is written by Jack Prelutsky. He is an American poet. He was born on September 8, 1940. He is the author of more than forty books of children's poetry. This poem is one of his hilarious poems. This poem was published in 2008. In this poem, the poet says that we must be happy that our nose is on our face not on any other place. If it is on my other place then how our face look alike and we also disliked it a lot.

In the second stanza of the poem, the poet says that if our so precious nose were sandwiched in between our toes then we'd be forced to smell our feet.

key Book Maths

Unit#3: Factors and Multiples

Own your own 3.1

Q#1: Find all the factors of the following numbers:

- a) Factors of 26=1, 2, 13,26
- b) Factors of 112=1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 14, 16, 28, 56, 112
- c) Factors of 150=1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 25, 30, 50, 75, 150
- d) Factors of 175=1, 5, 7, 25, 35, 175
- e) Factors of 68=1, 2, 4, 17, 34, 68
- f) Factors of 145=1, 5, 29, 145
- g) Factors of 80=1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 16, 20, 40, 80
- h) Factors of 100=1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50, 100
- i) Factors of 23=1,23
- j) Factors of 47=1, 47
- k) Factors of 58=1, 2, 29,58
- l) Factors of 64=1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32,64

Q#2: Find all the multiples of given numbers less than 250.

- a) Multiples of 12=12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, 96, 108, 120, 132, 144, 156, 168, 180, 192, 204, 216, 228, 240.
- b) Multiples of 25= 25, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200, 225
- c) Multiple of 37= 37, 74, 111, 148, 185, 222
- d) Multiples of 48=48, 96, 144, 192, 240
- e) Multiples of 60=60, 120, 180, 240
- f) Multiples of 75=75, 150, 225
- g) Multiples of 45=45, 90, 135, 180, 225
- h) Multiples of 112=112, 224
- i) Multiples of 90=90, 180
- j) Multiples of 70=70, 140, 210
- k) Multiples of 100=100, 200
- l) Multiples of 120=120, 240

Q#3: Find even and odd numbers.

Even numbers=78, 258, 770, 298, 622

Odd numbers=199, 125, 455, 101, 303, 323, 401

Q#4: Find prime and composite numbers.

Prime numbers=101, 379, 197, 463, 293, 311, 227, 281

Composite numbers=238, 156, 440, 459

Q#5: Find the multiples of 124 less than 500.

Ans: 124, 248, 372, 496.

Q#6: Write the even numbers between 288 and 300.

Ans: 290, 292, 294, 296, 298

Q#7: Write the odd numbers between 195 and 210.

Ans: 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209

Q#8: Find the composite numbers between 20 to 40.

Ans: 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39

Q#9: Write the first 10 consecutive prime numbers less than 50.

Ans: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 23, 29.

Q#10: Write the prime numbers between 30 to 50.

Ans: 31, 37, 41, 43, 47

Own your own 3.2

Q#1: Find the prime factors of the following numbers and write it in the form of index notation.

a) 144

2	144
2	72
2	36
2	18
3	9
3	3
	1

Prime factors of 144= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$

Index notation= $2^4 \times 3^2$

b) 314

2	314
157	157
	1

Prime factors of 314= 2×157

c) 5624

2	5624
2	2814
2	1406
19	703
37	37
	1

Prime factors of 5624= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 19 \times 37$

Index notation= $2^3 \times 19 \times 37$

d) 3084

2	3084
2	1542
3	771
257	257
	1

Prime factors of 144= $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 257$

Index notation= $2^2 \times 3 \times 257$

e) 78880

2	78880
2	39440
2	19720
2	9860
2	4930
5	2465
17	493
29	29
	1

Prime factors of 78880= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 17 \times 29$

Index notation= $2^5 \times 5 \times 17 \times 29$

f) 6024

2	6024
2	3012
2	1506
3	753
251	251
	1

Prime factors of 6024= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 251$

Index notation= $2^3 \times 3 \times 251$

Q#3: Write the following in expanded form:

a) 2^6

$$=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$$

b) 4×7^5

$$=4 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

c) $3 \times 5^2 \times 11^4$

$$=3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11$$

d) $13^6 \times 17^3$

$$=13 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13 \times 17 \times 17 \times 17$$

Q#4: Express the following in index notation:

a) $5 \times 5 \times 5$

$$=5^3$$

b) $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$

$$=2^2 \times 5^4$$

c) $1 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$

$$=1^1 \times 2^2 \times 7^3$$

d) $11 \times 11 \times 13 \times 13 \times 13 \times 19 \times 19$

$$=11^2 \times 13^3 \times 19^2$$

e) $7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 11 \times 11$

$$=7^3 \times 11^2$$

Own your own 3.3

Q#1: Find HCF of the following numbers using prime factorization method.

a) 2424, 142, 145

2	2424	2	142	5	145
2	1212	71	71	29	29
2	606		1		1
3	303				
101	101				
	1				

Prime factors of 2424 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 101$

Prime factors of 142 = 2×71

Prime factors of 145 = 5×29

H.C.F = 1

b) 2520, 3420, 124

2	2520	2	3420	2	124
2	1260	2	710	2	62
2	630	3	855	31	31
3	315	3	285		1
3	105				

5	35	5	95	
7	7	19	19	
	1		1	

Prime factors of 2424= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$

Prime factors of 142= $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 19$

Prime factors of 145= $2 \times 2 \times 31$

Common prime factors= 2×2

H.C.F=4

c) 1680, 4000, 54500

2	1680	2	4000	2	54500
2	840	2	2000	2	27250
2	420	2	1000	5	13625
2	210	2	500	5	2725
3	105	3	225	5	545
5	35	3	75	109	109
7	7	5	25		1
	1	5	5		
			1		

Prime factors of 1680= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$

Prime factors of 4000= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$

Prime factors of 54500= $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 109$

Common prime factors= $2 \times 2 \times 5$

H.C.F=20

d) 3636, 1045, 7890

2	3636	5	1045	2	7890
2	1818	109	209	3	3945
3	909		1	5	1315
3	303			263	263
101	101				1
	1				

Prime factors of 3636= $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 101$

Prime factors of 1045= 5×209

Prime factors of 7890 = $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 263$

H.C.F = 1

e) 6780, 4024, 7840

2	6780	2	4024	2	7840
2	3390	2	2012	2	3920
3	1695	2	1006	2	1960
3	363	503	503	2	980
11	121		1	2	490
11	11			5	245
	1			7	49
				7	7
					1

Prime factors of 6780 = $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 11 \times 11$

Prime factors of 4024 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 503$

Prime factors of 7840 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7$

Common prime factors = 2×2

H.C.F = 4

f) 90500, 56050, 80680

2	90500	2	56050	2	80680
2	45250	5	28025	2	40340
5	22625	5	5605	2	20170
5	4525		1121	5	10085
5	905				2017
	181				

Prime factors of 90500 = $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 181$

Prime factors of 56050 = $2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 1121$

Prime factors of 80680 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 2017$

Common prime factors = 2×5

H.C.F = 10

g) 2488, 10400, 56500

2	2488	2	10400	2	56500
2	1244	2	5200	2	28250
2	622	2	2600	5	14125
	311	2	1300	5	2825
		2	650	5	565

	5	325		113
	5	65		
		13		

Prime factors of 2488= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 311$

Prime factors of 10400= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 13$

Prime factors of 56500= $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 113$

Common prime factors= 2×2

H.C.F=4

h) 5780, 4560, 7840

2 5780	2 4560	2 7840
2 2890	2 2280	2 3920
5 1445	2 1140	2 1960
17 289	2 570	2 980
17	3 285	2 490
	5 95	5 245
	19	7 49
		7

Prime factors of 3805= $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 17 \times 17$

Prime factors of 4560= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 19$

Prime factors of 7840= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7$

Common prime factors= $2 \times 2 \times 5$

H.C.F=20

i) 3850, 8455, 6200

2 3850	2 8455	2 6200
2 761	19 1691	2 3200
	89	2 1600
		2 800
		2 400
		2 200
		2 100
		2 50
		5 25

		5	5
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Prime factors of 3805 = 5×761

Prime factors of 142 = $5 \times 19 \times 89$

Prime factors of 145 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$

Common prime factors = 5

H.C.F = 5

Q#2: Find HCF of numbers by using division method.

a) 100, 350, 480

100	350 -300	3
	50	2
		100 -100

Q#3: Find LCM of the given numbers using prime factorization method.

a) 120, 150, 145

$\begin{array}{r l} 2 & 120 \\ \hline 2 & 60 \\ \hline 2 & 30 \\ \hline 3 & 15 \\ \hline 5 & 5 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r l} 2 & 150 \\ \hline 3 & 75 \\ \hline 5 & 25 \\ \hline 5 & 5 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r l} 5 & 145 \\ \hline 29 & 29 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$
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Prime factors of 120 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$

Prime factors of 150 = $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$

Prime factors of 145 = 5×29

Product of Common factors = $2 \times 3 \times 5$
= 30

Product of non-common factors = $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 29$
= 580

L.C.M = 30×580
= 1740

b) 1008, 3116

2	1008	2	3116
2	504	2	1558
2	252		779
2	126		
3	63		
3	21		
	7		

Prime factors of 1008= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$

Prime factors of 3116= $2 \times 2 \times 779$

Product of Common factors= 2×2

=4

Product of non-common factors= $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 779$

=196308

L.C.M= 4×196308

=785232

c) 4598, 3456

2	4598	2	3456
2	2299	2	1728
2	209	2	864
3	19	2	432
		2	216
		2	108
		2	54
		2	27
		3	9
		3	3

Prime factors of 4598= $2 \times 11 \times 11 \times 19$

Prime factors of 150= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$

Product of Common factors=2

Product of non-common factors= $11 \times 11 \times 19 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$

=3972672

L.C.M= 2×3972672

=7945344

d) 2400, 4012, 3366

2	2400	2	4012	5	3366
2	1200	2	2006	3	1683
2	600	17	1003	17	561
2	300		59	3	33
2	150				11
3	75				
5	25				
	5				

Prime factors of 2400= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$

Prime factors of 4012= $2 \times 2 \times 17 \times 59$

Prime factors of 3366= $2 \times 3 \times 17 \times 3 \times 11$

Product of Common factors= $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 17$
=204

Product of non-common factors= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 3 \times 59 \times 11$
=389400

L.C.M= 204×389400
=79437600

e) 11558, 20540, 33240

2	11558	2	20540	2	33240
	5779	2	10270	2	16620
		5	5135	2	8310
			1027	3	4155
				5	1385
					277

Prime factors of 11558= 2×5779

Prime factors of 20540= $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 1027$

Prime factors of 33240= $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 277$

Product of Common factors= $2 \times 2 \times 5$
=20

Product of non-common factors= $2 \times 3 \times 277 \times 1027 \times 5779$
=9864024846

L.C.M= 20×9864024846
=197280496920

Key Book Science

Unit# 3: Structure and function of sensory organs

Think back!

Q; Name of the five senses?

- i. skin
- ii. eye
- iii. ear
- iv. nose
- v. tongue

Exercise:

1. Answer the questions briefly.

Q1: Ans. Pg: 27

Q2; Ans. (i). Cornea (ii). Iris (iii). Pupil (iv). Lens (v). Retina (vi). Optic nerve

Q3: Ans. The inner ear contains receptors for balance. The bones of semicircular canals are fluid filled and right angled to each other when we move in any position. The fluid in the canal also moves. These canals have small hairs as receptors of balance.

Q4: Ans. The chemoreceptors of olfactory hairs detect and identify various smells. These olfactory hairs are connected to the nerve cell that takes signals to the brain. These signals are interpreted by the brain. As a result we recognize a smell.

2. Answer the following Questions in detail.

Q1: Ans. Pg: 27 to 28

Q2: Ans. Pg: 30

Q3: Ans. Pg: 31

3. Choose the correct option:

1. 3
2. the eardrum
3. two
4. nose
5. mucosa

4. Write True or False

- i. F
- ii. F
- iii. T
- iv. T
- v. T

Unit# 4: Photosynthesis and respiration

Think Back! (In plants)

Q: How can plants make their own food?

Ans. Plants make their food with the help of sunlight. The process of making food in plants is called photosynthesis.

Exercise:

1. Answer the following questions

Q1: Ans.

Xylem	Phloem
It is presented in the central region of leaf and is involved in supplying water and minerals.	It is also called at the center of a leaf near the xylem. It supplies prepared food to all parts of a plants.

Q2: Ans. Pg; 36

Q3: Ans. It is below the layer of upper epidermis. It has two different types of cell i.e. palisade and spongy cells. The cell contain special membrane bound organelles called chloroplast. The chloroplast contain a green pigment called chlorophyll.

Q4: Ans. Pg: 40

Q5: If they cannot respire. They will not be able to get energy from the food they need. All the activities inside plants will stop and eventually they will die.

2. Answer the following questions in detail.

Q1: Ans. Pg: 36 to 37

Q2: Ans. Respiration: It is the process of converting glucose in to energy. In this process plants use oxygen to breaks down glucose. When glucose breaks, it supplies plants with water, carbon dioxide and energy.

Importance of respiration: During respiration plants break food in to the form they can use to perform their various activities such as growth, photosynthesis and transport. That is why the process of respiration is very important for plants. If they cannot respire. They will not be able to get energy from the food they need. All the activities inside plants will stop and eventually they will die.

3. Choose the correct option.

- i. Sun
- ii. Leaves
- iii. Carbon dioxide
- iv. centriole
- v. xylem

4. Write True or False.

- i. F
- ii. F
- iii. T
- iv. T
- v. T

Key book SSt

Lesson#4:

A. Answer briefly.

- 1) Pg#31 Rocks
- 2) Pg#31 Minerals, Elements
- 3) Pg#32 Types of Rocks (just name)

4) Pg#34 Flora and Fauna

5) Metamorphic rocks are formed from igneous and sedimentary rocks by metamorphism.

B. Answer in detail.

1) Pg#32 Igneous Rocks + Types

2) Pg#34 1) weathering 2) Erosion 3) Deposition 4) Compaction
5) Cementation (with detail)

3) (i) Characteristics of igneous rocks.

Page#32. Igneous Rocks

Igneous Rocks-----becomes solid.

(ii) Sedimentary rocks. Pg#32

(iii) Metamorphic rocks. Pg#36

These rocks are actually ----- weathering and erosion.

C. Choose the correct option.

- 1) Chlorine
- 2) fire
- 3) igneous
- 4) strata
- 5) clay

D. Write examples of the following rock Types.

Examples

- 1) Pegmatite, Gabbros, Granite
- 2) Basalt, Pumice, Obsidian, Scoria, Andesite
- 3) Chalk, dolomite, lime stone, coal
- 4) Salt, lime stone, chest, flint
- 5) Conglomerate, sandstone, clay, silt stone, shale
- 6) Marble, slate, quartzite, gneiss, schist

Lesson#5:

A. Answer briefly.

1) (i) A mountain is a land form that rises above its surrounding areas. It has a pointed structure with steep slopes, sharp ridges and peaks.

(ii) Plateaus:

A plateau is a wide flat highland that is separated from surrounding areas by sharp steep slopes. A plateau differs from a mountain in terms of its flat top.

(iii) A plain is a broad, nearly leveled stretch of land. Usually, plains are low in elevation. Plains are home to a majority of the world's population. Plains are ideal for farming and production of crops.

2) Faults are cracks in the earth's crust created by the movement of tectonic plates.

3) (i) Mount Everest

(ii) Kanchenjunga

(iii) Naga Parbat

4) The Tibetan plateau is the largest and highest plateau of the world. It is called roof of the world. It is located in East Asia. It was formed due to the collision of two or more tectonic plates. These plateaus are formed between two or more fold mountain ranges. We call them intermountain plateau.

5) Pg#45 Grassland

B. Answer in detail.

1) Pg#41-43 Types of Mountains

(i) Fold (ii) Fault-block (iii) Volcanic (in detail)

2) pg# 44, 45 Types of Plateaus.

(i) Volcanic (ii) Dissected

3) pg#45, 46 Types of Plains.

C. Choose the correct option.

1) topography

2) mountain range

3) 30

4) lava flows

5) wind

Key book Computer

Unit# 4: Typing

Exercise

Q1: Match the columns

Column A	Column B
Home row keys	ASDFGHJKL
Bottom row keys	ZXCVBNM
Top row keys	QWERTYUIOP
Typing speed	Typing efficiency
Tests	Typing speed and Accuracy
Correct typing	Context accuracy
Arrow keys	Navigation keys
Typing	Write text or give instructions
Typing skills	Recognize keys and place fingers on keys
Thumbs	Space bar

Q2: Choose the correct option:

1. clock
2. typing
3. home row keys
4. space bar
5. typing tutor

Q3: Describe the following:

1. Typing: Pg; 39 typing 1st line

2. Home row keys: Pg: 44 full
3. Top row keys: (QWERTYUIOP) Pg: 45 last 3 lines
4. Bottom row keys: (ZXCVBNM) Pg: 45 last 3 lines
5. Typing tutor: Pg: 41 typing tutor 1st line

Q4: Answer the following Questions:

1. Pg: 48 let's revise point 3 to 4
2. Pg: 40 typing skills rules 1 to 6
3. Pg: 40 fingers on keys full point
4. Typing tutor Pg: 41 1st 4 lines
5. Pg: 45 last 3 lines

Key Book Islamiyat

سبق نمبر 3۔ نمازِ جنازہ

سوال نمبر 1۔ درست جواب کے گرد دائرہ لگائیں۔

ا۔ ب	ب۔ ا	ج۔ ا	د۔ د	ہ۔ ج
------	------	------	------	------

سوال نمبر 2۔

ا تا ج: درست

د: غلط

ہ۔ درست

سوال نمبر 3۔ مختصر سوالات کے جوابات دیں۔

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ب۔ اہل امانت

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